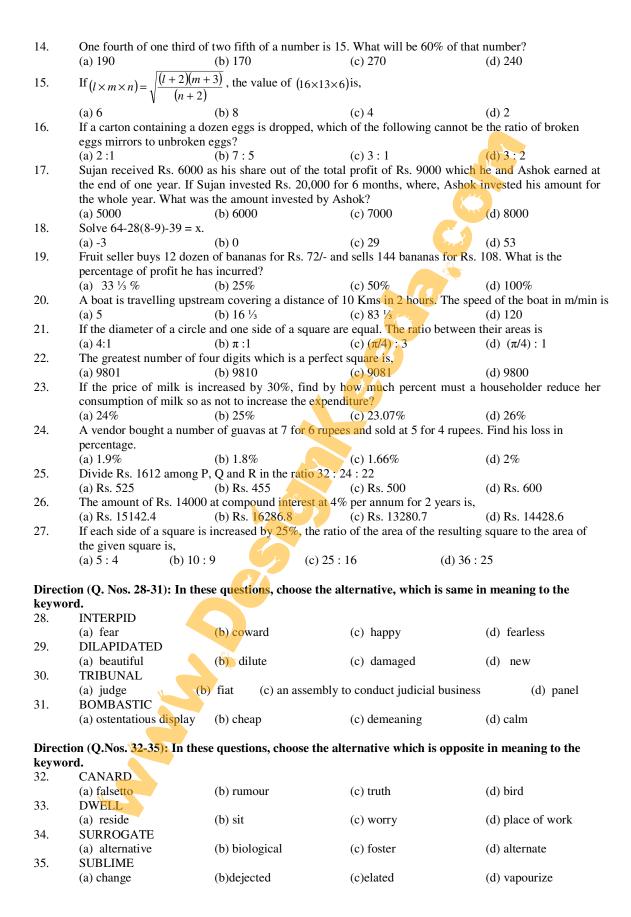
# SAMPLE PAPER – 2 POST GRADUATE PROGRAMME IN FASHION MANAGEMENT I – PAPER - GENERAL ABILITY TEST

Time Allowed: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 120 Total Questions: 120

mı.			Total Questions: 120				
	This test comprises of the following sub-tests.						
	Quantitative Ability						
	Communication Ability						
	English Comprehension						
	Analytical Ability						
	General General Knowledge and Current Affairs		244				
(6)	Thematic Apperception Test						
	(i) Each question carries one mark.	1 OMB/ICB A	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
	(ii) Answers are required to be marked only on	the OMR/ICR Answer-sh	eet, which will be provided				
	separately.						
	(iii) For each question, four alternative answers l						
	Darken the appropriate circle in the Answer	-sneet by using Ball pen	only on the best alternative				
	amongst (a), (b), (c) or (d).						
		Sec					
1	If 150% of 40 is greater than 250% of a number h	y 2, the number is					
1.	If 15% of 40 is greater than 25% of a number b (a) 16 (b) 20	(c) 24	(d) 28				
2.	A shopkeeper was having his shop painted. He		· /				
۷.	A shopkeeper was having his shop painted. He Allowing for 15% wastage and assuming that t						
	cost of paint purchased, if one can costs Rs. 16		cans. What would be the				
	(a) Rs. 160 (b) Rs. 200	(c) Rs. 240	(d) Rs. 280				
3.	In an examination, 80% of students passed in E		` '				
3.	Physics. If 40 students failed in both the subject						
	(a). 100 (b) 200	(c) 300	(d) 400				
4.	The length and breadth of a rectangle is increase						
4.	breadth become same. The increase in area of t		tively so that both length and				
	(a) 40% (b) 20%	(c) 50%	(d) 25%				
5.	The salaries of A, B & C are in the ratio of 1:2:		, ,				
٥.	percent is salary of C more than that of A?	3. The salary of B&C toget	ilei is Rs. 12,000. By what				
	(a) 100% (b) 150%	(c) 200%	(d) 250%				
6.	A mixture contains milk and water in the ratio						
0.	becomes 5:1. The quantity of milk in the origin		ter, the ratio of finik to water				
			(4) 100 1				
7	(a) 125 $l$ (b) 150 $l$	(c) 140 $l$	(d) 160 <i>l</i>				
7.	Anand received Rs. 12000 as his share out of the						
	at the end of one year. If Anand invested Rs. 40000 for 6 months, whereas Kamal invested his amount						
	for the whole year, what was the amount invest		(4) 20000				
0	(a) 10000 (b) 12000	(c) 15000	(d) 20000				
8.	14 pumps of equal capacity can fill a tank in 6	days. If the tank has to be if	ned in 4 days, the number of				
	extra pumps needed is:	(a) 7	(d) 10				
9.	(a) 21 (b) 14	(c) 7					
9.	If 6 men working 8 hours a day earn Rs. 840 pe how much per week?	er week, then 9 men workin	g o nours a day will earn				
	(a) 950 (b) 960	(c) 940	(d) 945				
10.	A man drives 200 km from Delhi to Mathura ir		, ,				
10.	mins. Then average speed from Delhi to Mathura in						
	(a) 5.5 kmph (b) 5 kmph	(c) 4.5 kmph	(d) 4 kmph				
11.							
11. Two trains are moving in the same direction at 75 kmph and 60 kmph. The faster train crosses a masslower train in 20 second. The length of faster train is:							
	(a) 90 m (b) 86.5 m	(c) 83.3 m	(d) 79.6 m				
12.	Find the sum of all 2 digit numbers divisible by		(d) 77.0 m				
14.	(a) 1655 (b) 1700	(c)1755	(d) 1575				
13.	The surface area of a cube is 1350 cm <sup>2</sup> . The length	` /	(a) 1373				
15.	_	-	$\sqrt{2}$				
	(a) $8\sqrt{3}$ (b) $15\sqrt{3}$	(c) $\frac{15}{\sqrt{3}}$	(d) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{15}$				
		$\sqrt{3}$	15				



#### Direction (Q. Nos. 36-39): Choose the most appropriate preposition from the alternatives to fill in the blank space of the sentence. Due to turbulent weather, the journey ...... postponed. (b) was (c) will (d) shall be 37. I would like to punish him .... mistake. (a) for this (b) for (c) about this (d) none of these 38. It ..... be perfect if India won the cricket series against Australia. (c) must (a) would (b) could (d) can 39. Sudhir must. undertake this job with utmost sincerity and complete it .... time (a) in (b) on (c) with in (d) none of these Direction (Q. Nos. 40-43): Choose the exact meaning of the idioms/phrases from the given alternatives. Get down to brass tacks (a) become serious about it (b) cleaning brass (c) discuss basics (d) none of these 41. Hang in there (d) none (a) continue, persevere (b) to hang around (c) hanging 42. In cahoots (a) like a cat (b) having understanding between one another (c) quarrelsome (d) none of these 43. Jump to conclusions (a) to jump (b) gullible (c) lacking stability (d) form conclusions before you have all the facts Direction (Q. Nos. 44-47): Fill in the blank space of the sentence so that it becomes meaningful and correct. Before Star was global television, it ...a North Kolkata theatre. 44. (c) being (d) has been (b) was 45. Guesstimate are that at existing tax rates and with the present administration, the nation is losing at least 20-25 per cent of revenue every year .... direct taxes alone. (b) on (d) on the These reforms ..... necessarily widen the tax base and minimise under-reporting of incomes. 46. (a) should (b) must (c) can't (d) shall 47. Reasonable tax rates are..... incentive for better compliance. (a) doubtfully (b) undoubtedly (c) undoubtedly an (d) undoubtedly a

## Direction (Q. Nos. 48-57): Read the passage carefully and answer the questions based on it. PASSAGE

There appears to be a relative full on the power front. After the initial euphoria with regard to allowing the entry of private and foreign capital into the power sector, the promised guaranteed return on net worth, liberal financing facilities, a higher than usual debt equity norm, the Government is now waiting for the flood to arrive. How realistic are the expectations of the Government can be made out by the response of the private sector.

Till date, there is less than 1000 MW of generation capacity under active implementation in the private sector, mainly by those companies, which are already involved in power generation and distribution. There are very few new actors entering the business. According to power ministry sources, there are proposals to put up more than 8000 MW of generation capacity in the private sector out of which about 50% will be with foreign investment. But how many of these proposals will materialise?

Many of them are merely undergoing viability studies or are restricted to the signing of memoranda of understanding with the respective government agencies. As regards foreign investment in this sector, the less said the better. The 2000MW project in Orissa, which was announced with great fanfare by the State Government, is now in the dumps because the Southern power Corporation, USA, decided to back out of it.

It has also been the experience that while foreign companies are willing to extend credit, supply equipment and set-up the generation facilities, they are not so forthcoming when it comes to equity participation and running the plants. At this rate, it is unlikely that there will be any substantial addition to generation capacity in the private sector in the Ninth plan, leave alone the English plan. And even if all of these projects do comes through, a very unlikely prospect, it will be of only significance, a more 10% of the planned additional generation capacity of 80,000 MW by the end of the Ninth Plan.

48. Which of the following has the same meaning as the word 'flood' as it has been in the passage?

- (a) Large number of offers to start units (b) End of the public sector units
- (c) A large volume of water to run power plants
- (d) Public sector units to go down unprofitably
- 49. Which of the following represents most closely the authors opinion regarding the development of power generation units?
  - (a) He is very optimistic about it
  - (b) He feels that no new units in private sector would be started
  - (c) He feels that few units that anticipated will actually start
  - (d) He feels that more public sector units would be started
- 50. What according to the author, is the problem in realizing the 8000 MW capacity which the government is anticipating?
  - (a) Fifty per cent equity is expected from foreign investors for all projects
  - (b) Many of the proposals are in the preliminary stages only
  - (c) It can fulfill only 10% of the plan requirements
  - (d) The US government does not approve of the projects
- Which of the following has not been indicated in the passage, as an incentive for increasing power generation capacity?
  - (a) Very easy loan facilities

- (b) Permitting foreign investors
- (c) A Guaranteed minimum return on investment
- (d) Joint ventures by government
- 52. By how many times does the ministry anticipate the power generation capacity in private sector to go up when compared to existing private sector capacity?
  - (a) It expects it to go up by 100%
- (b) It expects it to go up by 80%

(c) It expects it to go up by 50%

- (d) Data inadequate in the passage
- What is the author's estimate regarding the increase in power generation in private sector at the end of the ninth five year plan to the planned capacity?
  - (a) It is likely to be around 10%
- (b) It is likely to be higher than 10%
- (c) It is likely to be far less than 10%
- (d) It is likely to decrease by 10%
- 54. Which of the following words has the same meaning as the word 'forthcoming' as it has been used in passage?
  - (a) Approaching
- (b) Liberal (c) Generous
- (d) Available
- 55. Why should according to the passage there be new actors entering the business of power generation?
  - (a) Power generation is a key industry
  - (b) Public sector is unable to cope with the load
  - (c) There is a limit to the investment existing companies in the sector can make
  - (d) Government has little faith in the existing companies
- 56. What is the problem according to the author with foreign investors?
  - (a) They are foreign companies (b) The governments of the foreign investors often do not approve of their investments
  - (c) It increases the power of foreign countries in India
  - (d) They do not have the know-how to start the ventures
- 57. How does the author see the changes in the power sector during ninth fine year plan period when compared to the earlier one?
  - (a) There would be hardly any change during this period
  - (b) Much more power plants would be set up in this plan period
  - (c) More public sector power plants would be set-up
  - (d) Nothing is mentioned in the passage

## Direction (Q.Nos.58-62) Read the passage carefully and answer the questions based on it. PASSAGE

What is civilisation? All men have certain physical needs; need for warmth, food, sex and shelter; these needs man shares with the animals. Savages spend most, if not all, of their time in the endeavor to satisfy them. A civilisation, then cannot be a condition of affairs in which human beings merely satisfy ever more easily and elaborately their fundamental physical needs and do nothing else; it must be a condition in which they satisfy their needs so easily and feel themselves so secure from danger that they have the time and energy to attend to other things and, in particular, to the development and demands of the mind and the spirit. Those who seek to live the life of the mind and the spirit do some things not because the doing of them will be advantage in a biological sense, not hat is to say, because it will help them to survive, or because it will advance them in a

material or social sense by making them richer or more powerful or more famous, but simply for the pleasure or interest that they take in doing them or because they think it is right to do them.

58. What is civilization?

60.

67.

(a) 1

- (a) A bunch of physical needs
- (c) A condition in which man has no free time
- 59. What does a civilised man do in his free time?
  - (a) enjoys warmth of good food
  - (c) enjoys a feeling of security
  - What do the people who seek to live the life of the mind and the spirit get from? (a) take advantage of life in a biological sense
  - (c) simply think it right to do them
- 61. How is life led in a biological sense?
  - (a) by taking care of only physical needs
  - (c) by becoming richer and more powerful
- 62. How do savages spend most of their time?
  - (a) by sharing their lives with human beings
    - (b) by spending most of their time eating, drinking and sleeping
    - (c) by roaming around in the wilds

Telephone, Television, Telescope

(d) none of the above

(b) A need for warmth, food, sex and shelter

(d) None of the above

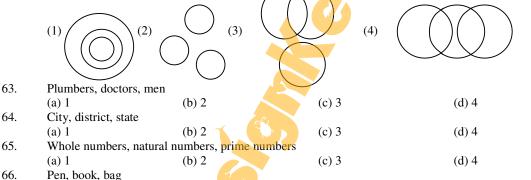
(b) meets the demands of the mind and the spirit

(d) 4

(d) 4

- (d) none of the above
- (b) take steps to survive in life
- (d) none of the above
- (b) by advancing life in a social way
- (d) none of the above

**Directions for question nos. 63-67:** Which of the following diagrams best represents the relationship between the items given in each of the following questions?



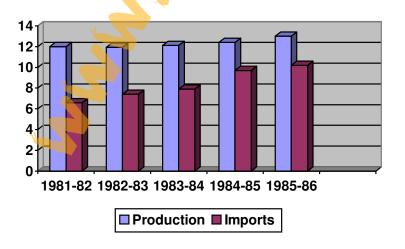
(b) 2**Directions:** (Q 68 to 72) These questions are based on the following graph

(b) 2

#### MILK AVAILABILITY IN INDIA (in million tons)

(c) 3

(c) 3



68. The total milk production in the given period is (in million tons) (b) 41.8 (c) 50.4(d) 62.8 What was the difference in milk imports during 1983-84 and 1984-85 (in million tons) 69. (a) 0.01(b) 0.2(c) 0.3(d) 0.470. In which year was the milk production roughly 75% of the imports? (d) 1984-85 (a) 1981-82 (b) 1982-83 (c) 1983-84 71. What was the percentage of milk products as compared to imports during 1981-82? (d) 55% (a) 40% (b) 45% (c) 50% What will be the difference in production and imports in 1986-87 if the increase in each of the 72. production and imports over 1985-86 is 50%? (in million tons) (a) 5.4(b) 4.2 (c) 4.8(d) 3.8 73. Earth is related to Axis in the same way as Wheel is related to (b) car (c) road (d) Hub 74. Boat is related to Sails in the same way as Balloon is related to -----(a) Hot air (b) Rope (c) Nylon (d) Rubber

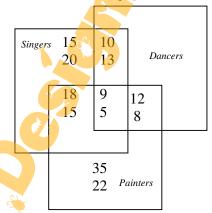
Directions for Question Nos. 75 - 76: In each of the following questions, a number series is given with one term missing. Choose the correct alternative that will continue in the same pattern and fill in the blanks spaces.

- 75. 1, 4, 2, 8, 6, 24, 22, 88, (......) (a) 28 (b) 86
- (d) 56

- 76. 462, 420, 380, (.....), 306 (a) 322 (b) 332
- (d) 352

77. If in a certain language, DELHI is coded as HTPLM, which word would be coded as FSOFEC?

Directions for the questions 78 to 82: In the figure given below, the first number represents the men and the number below it gives the number of women. Answer the questions based on the figure:



- 78. How many female singers are there who are not painters?
  - (a) 25
- (b) 33
- (c) 63

(c) 49

- (d) 35
- 79. How many male painters are there who are not dancers? (b) 37
  - (a) 62
- (d) 53
- 80. How many people are there who are singers, dancers and painters?
  - (a) 14
- (b) 40
- (c) 36
- (d) 53
- 81. How many people are only dancers?
  - (a) 73
- (b) 76
- (c)67
- (d) 53
- 82. How many people are there who are only singers and only dancers and only painters? (a) 124 (b) 91 (c) 145 (d) 96

Directions for questions (83 to 87): In a survey carried out in a state university about the results of three examinations conducted by the university data was obtained.

Details	Females	Males
Number of students surveyed	2,400	3,500
Number of students passing all 3 exams	1,500	2,625
Number of students failing in 1 exam	500	475
Number of students failing 2 exams	325	300
Number of students failing in 3 exams	75	100

F	Number of students failing in 3 exams	75	100					
-	·							
83.	What is the percentage of students passing the entire three exa	ams in the univer	sity?					
	(a) 73.2% (b) 71.2% (c) 69.9% (d) 75%							
84.	The ratio of number of females failing is all the 3 exams to that							
	(a) 35:32 (b) 12:10 (c) 2:1.5 (d) 71:69							
85.	The percentage of females failing is more than one exam is							
	(a) 66.66% (b) 16.66% (c) 13.35% (d) 33,3%							
86.	of female failing is more							
	than on exam by:							
07	(a) 100 (b) 200 (c) 250 (d) 0	2						
87.	The percentage of students failing in all the 3 exams is							
	(a) 2.96% (b) 1.54% (c) 3.5% (d) 4.2%							
<b>Directions for questions 88-90</b> : Find the odd man out								
88.	(a) Carrot (b) Cauliflower (c) Potat	0	(d) Beetroot					
89.	(a) 8 (b) 64 (c) 81		(d) 343					
90.	(a) 19 (b) 17 (c) 23		(d) 27					
,	(0) 17		(0) = /					
91.	If MOUTH is called TONGUE, TONGUE is called HAND	), HAND is call	ed NOSE and NOSE is					
	called LIPS, then with which we write?							
	(a) HAND (b) MOUTH (c) NOS	E	(d) TONGUE					
92.	A thing capable of easily burnt is:							
	(a) Asbestos (b) Inflammable (c) Extin	nguisher	(d) Ceasefire					
93.	The largest producer of silver, in the world is							
	(a) Mexico (b) Brazil (c) Cana		(d) South Africa					
94.	Which State in India is the first one to receive the rays of the							
	(a) Arunachal Pradesh (b) Assam (c) Naga	ıland	(d) Manipur					
95.	The Rabi season begins in							
0.6		summer	(d) Spring					
96.	India has monopoly in the production of		(1) II '					
07	(a) Manganese (b) Iron (c) Mica		(d) Uranium					
97.	The city of Vijayanagar (Hampi) was situated on the northern		(d) Tungabhadra					
(a) Kaveri (b) Krishna (c) Godavari (d) Tunga 98. The first rulers in India who issued gold coins were the								
70.	(a) Indo- Greeks (b) Kushans (c) Shak	28	(d) Parthians					
99.	Kabir was a disciple of	as	(a) i arumans					
,,,	(a) Ramananda (b) Ramanuja (c) Nana	ık	(d)Shankaracharya					
100			(a)Shamarachar ya					
		amagadhi	(d) Apabhramsa					
101			* * *					
	(a) Sevagram (b) Wardha (c) Dano	li	(d) Sabarmati					
102	. The term of office fixed for the Comptroller and Auditor Gene	eral of India is						
	(a) 5 years (b) 6 years (c) 10 years	ears	(d) 4 years					
103								
	(a) politically and socially well informed (b) aware of his social obligations							
	(c) well educated (d) knowledgeable about to	he constitution						
104	Who appoints the committees of the Parliament?  (a) The president  (b) The Prime							
107	(c) The Chairman of the Rajya Sabha (d) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha							
105		•	•					
106	(a) Never (b) once (c) thrice.  The State having the maximum strength in its Assembly is	<del>.</del>	(d) thrice					
106	•	r	(d) Oricea					
	(a) Uttar Pradesh (b) Madhya Pradesh (c) Biha	ı	(d) Orissa					

107. The Planning Commission of India was set up in the year (d) 1950 (a) 1939 (b) 1947 (c) 1951 108. Sarvodaya is a form of (a) Socialism (b) Communism (c) Fascism (d) Anarchy 109. The Panchayati Raj institutions in India get their funds mainly from (b) Octroi (a) voluntary contributions (d) Property taxes (d) Goveanment grants. 110. The headquarters of Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) is at (a) London (b) Paris (c) New York (d) Rome 111. Mosque building reached its peak during the reign of (b) Shah Jahan (a) Akbar (c) Aurongzeb (d) Jahangir 112. The shortest day falls on (b) September 21 (a) March 21 (c) December 22 (d) December 24 113. The largest producer of silver, in the world is (a) Mexico (b) Brazil (c) Canada (d) South Africa 114. Which State in India is the first one to receive the rays of the Sun in the morning? (a) Arunachal Pradesh (b) Assam (c) Nagaland (d) Manipur 115. The Rabi season begins in (b) Winter (c) Early summer (a) Autumn (d) Spring 116. India has monopoly in the production of (a) Manganese (b) Iron (c) Mica (d) Uranium 117. The maximum percentage of the tribal population in India consists of (b) Bhils (c) Mundas (a) Santhals (d) Nagas 118. Human Rights Day is observed on (c) 15<sup>th</sup> August (b) 2<sup>nd</sup> October (a)  $10^{th}$  December (d) 21<sup>st</sup> June 119. In the following picture, a piece of paper is folded as shown and is punched. The paper when unfolded looks like: (b)  $\triangle \nabla$ abla(c) (d) B  $\Delta\!
abla$ <

120. The following figures show the number on the sides of a cube. The number on the opposite face to 6 is:

